

LESSON NOTES

Basic Bootcamp #1

Basic Bootcamp: Self-Introduction

CONTENTS

Dialogue - Cantonese

 Main

 English

 Jyutping

Vocabulary

Sample sentences

Vocabulary phrase usage

Grammar

Cultural insight

1

DIALOGUE - CANTONESE

MAIN

1. A: 你好，我叫王家衛。
2. B: 我叫張曼玉。好高興認識你。
3. A: 我都係。

ENGLISH

1. A: Hi. My name's Wong Kar Wai.
2. B: My name's Maggie Cheung. Very nice to meet you.
3. A: I am, too.

JYUTPING

1. A: nei5 hou2, ngo5 giu3 wong4 gaa1 wai6.
2. B: ngo5 giu3 zoeng1 maan6 juk2. hou2 gou1 hing3 jing6 sik1 nei5.
3. A: ngo5 dou1 hai6.

VOCABULARY

Traditional	Romanization	English	Class
我	ngo5	I	pronoun
叫	giu3	to be called; call	verb
你	nei5	you (singular)	pronoun
係	hai6	to be	verb
好	hou2	very, quite	adverb, adjective
高興	gou1 hing3	happy	adjective, adverb
認識	jing6 sik1	to know, to recognize	verb
都	dou1	also	adverb

SAMPLE SENTENCES

<p>我每天早上六時起床。</p> <p><i>ngo5 mui5 tin1 zou2 soeng6 luk6 si4 hei2 cong4.</i></p> <p>I wake up every morning at six o'clock a.m.</p>	<p>我每晚九時上床。</p> <p><i>ngo5 mui5 maan5 gau2 si4 soeng5 cong4.</i></p> <p>I go to bed every night at 9 o'clock PM.</p>
<p>我是個醫生。</p> <p><i>ngo5 si6 go3 ji1 sang1.</i></p> <p>I am a doctor.</p>	<p>我主修美術。</p> <p><i>ngo5 zyu2 sau1 mei5 seot6.</i></p> <p>I'm an art major.</p>
<p>我係學生。</p> <p><i>ngo5 hai6 hok6 saang1.</i></p> <p>I'm a student.</p>	<p>我係佢哥哥。</p> <p><i>ngo5 hai6 keoi5 go4 go1.</i></p> <p>I'm his older brother.</p>
<p>我叫Nicole。</p> <p><i>ngo5 giu3 Nicole.</i></p> <p>I'm (called) Nicole.</p>	<p>我要叫外賣。</p> <p><i>Ngo5 jiu3 giu3 ngoi6 maai6.</i></p> <p>I am calling for take-out.</p>
<p>我叫Nicole。</p> <p><i>ngo5 giu3 Nicole.</i></p> <p>I'm (called) Nicole.</p>	<p>你叫咩名？</p> <p><i>nei5 giu3 me1 meng2 ?</i></p> <p>What's your name?</p>
<p>你喺邊？</p> <p><i>nei5 hai2 bin1?</i></p> <p>Where are you?</p>	<p>你去唔去？</p> <p><i>nei5 heoi3 m4 heoi3?</i></p> <p>Will you go?</p>
<p>你最近點呀？</p> <p><i>nei5 zeoi3 gan6 dim2 aa3 ?</i></p> <p>How have you been lately?</p>	<p>你叫咩名？</p> <p><i>nei5 giu3 me1 meng2 ?</i></p> <p>What's your name?</p>
<p>我係學生。</p> <p><i>Ngo5 hai6 hok6 saang1.</i></p> <p>"I am a student."</p>	<p>今日好開心啊！</p> <p><i>gam1 jat6 hou2 hoi1 sam1 aa3 !</i></p> <p>Today (I'm) very happy!</p>
<p>佢老公唔高興。</p> <p><i>keoi5 lou5 gung1 m4 gou1 hing3.</i></p> <p>Her husband's not happy.</p>	<p>認識你好高興。</p> <p><i>jing6 sik1 nei5 hou2 gou1 hing3.</i></p> <p>Nice meeting you.</p>
<p>我都鍾意佢。</p> <p><i>ngo5 dou1 zung1 ji3 keoi5.</i></p> <p>I also like him(/her/it).</p>	

VOCABULARY PHRASE USAGE

你好 (*nei5 hou2*) is the universal word for "hello" in Cantonese. You can use it for both formal and informal occasions. 认识 (*jing6 sik1*) means "to know" or "to be familiar with." However, in some contexts, as in this lesson's dialogue, we can use 認識 (*jing6 sik1*) for a first meeting, to say that you are happy to "meet" or "know" a person.

GRAMMAR

The Focus of This Lesson is Cantonese Essentials

你好，我叫王家衛。

nei5 hou2, ngo5 giu3 wong4 gaa1 wai6.

"Hello, I'm Wong Kar-Wai."

Self-Introductions

你好 (*nei5 hou2*)

"Hello" in Chinese is made up of two words: 你, meaning "you," and 好, meaning "good."

叫 (*giu3*)

The verb 叫 (*giu3*) means "to call." So to introduce yourself, you are simply saying "I'm called _____."

Responses

我叫張曼玉。好高興認識你。

ngo5 giu3 zoeng1 maan6 juk2. hou2 gou1 hing3 jing6 sik1 nei5.

"My name's Maggie Cheung. Very nice to meet you."

我都係。

ngo5 dou1 hai6.

"I am, too."

認識 (*jing6 sik1*)

The verb 認識 (*jing6 sik1*) means "to know" or "to be familiar with," however, in the context of the phrase 好高興認識你。 (*hou2 gou1 hing3 jing6 sik1 nei5*), the implication is that of "to meet," since this meeting signifies a making of one's acquaintance, and thus, thereafter, they will "know" each other.

我都係。 (*ngo5 dou1 hai6.*)

This phrase literally means "I also am." In this dialogue, it is said in response to the statement "Nice to meet you," to express a corresponding feeling.

Names in Cantonese

Names in Cantonese are generally made up of either two or three characters. The surname is one character, given first, followed by the given name or names.

For Example:

1. 王家衛 (wong4 kaa1 wai6)
"Wong Kar-Wai"
2. 張曼玉 (zoeng1 maan6 yuk6)
"Maggie Cheung"

Sometimes, in more formal settings, a person will simply ask for a person's surname. They will do this by asking:

1. 你貴姓?
nei5 gwai3 sing3?
"Your surname is?"

To which one would respond:

1. 我姓____。
ngo5 sing3 _____.
"My surname is _____."

Language Expansion

There are other ways to say "Nice to meet you" in Cantonese. Both of these phrases are acceptable as well:

1. 幸會 (*hang6 wui6*)
"I've long heard of you."
2. 久仰 (*gau2 joeng5*)
"I've long heard of you."

CULTURAL INSIGHT

Choosing the Correct Cantonese Name

When learning a new language, you may be interested in getting a new name. It may be tempting to pick something that sounds good to your own ear; after all, you always hated that name you were stuck with from mom and dad. But take it under advisement...you're going to need to call in a favor on this aspect. Cantonese names are full of meaning and not just anything goes! There are certain characters that are last names; not just any word will do. Also, certain combinations of characters are more typically male or female names. So, unless you want to end up with some odd looks and maybe a few laughs, make sure to ask a Cantonese friend to help you choose an appropriate name.

Sometimes Cantonese people will choose a name for you that sounds similar to your English name. Other times, they will choose one that's meaning suits you or your personality or character. Nowadays however, many Cantonese people have their own English names and prefer to be called those rather than their original Cantonese names, especially when interacting with a foreigner. They're also pretty comfortable with using your English name, so you don't need to have a Cantonese name unless you want one.

